

Planting Guide:

Botanical Name: *Thymus vulgaris*

Common Name: Thyme, Common Thyme, Garden Thyme,
English Thyme

Plant Type: Herbaceous perennial

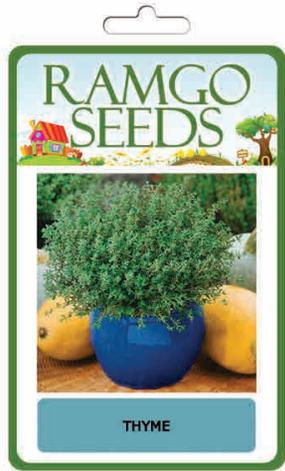
Size: 6-12 in. tall, 6- to 12-in. spread

Sun Exposure: Full sun

Soil Type: Loamy, sandy

Soil pH: Acidic to alkaline (6.0 to 8.0)

Toxicity: Non-toxic



THYME

Plant Description: Thyme (*Thymus vulgaris*) is a low-growing, woody perennial that performs especially well in somewhat dry, sunny conditions.

Light Requirement: Thyme plants thrive best in full sunlight. Plant them in a sunny, exposed spot in your garden, or in decorative planters that can be moved around throughout the day to chase the light.

Soil Requirement: The worse your soil is, the better your thyme plant may actually grow. The easy-going herb prefers sandy or loamy soil instead of moist soil, and can even thrive in rocky gravel.

Temperature and Humidity: Thyme plants have no special needs when it comes to temperature and humidity, and can thrive through most months of the year.

Fertilizer: Treat thyme plants each spring with a diluted all-purpose fertilizer. Keeping the fertilizer at half-strength will keep the plant from producing too much foliage, which can dilute its fragrant oils.